SPECIALISATION: CLINICAL PHARMACY SEMESTER-II SCHEME OF TEACHING

SUB CODE	NAME OF SUBJECT	CONT HOU PER W	RS	CREDITS		
		T	P	T	P	
721	Pharmacotherapeutics - I	3		4		
722	Pharmacotherapeutics - II	3		4		
723	Clinical Pharmacy - II	3		4		
724	Bio-pharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics - I	3		3		
725	Clinical Pharmacy Practical - II		18		6	
726	Subject Seminar	6			3	
	TOTAL	18	18	15	9	

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

SUB	NAME OF SUBJECT	DURATION	MARKS							
CODE		OF EXAM	THE	ORY	PRACTICAL					
		(HRS)	University	Institute	University	Institute				
			level	level	level	level				
			evaluation	evaluation	evaluation	evaluation				
721	Pharmacotherapeutics - I	3	80	20						
722	Pharmacotherapeutics - II	3	80	20						
723	Clinical Pharmacy - II	3	80	20						
724	Bio-pharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics - I	3	80	20						
725	Clinical Pharmacy Practical - II	12			80	20				
726	Subject Seminar					100				
	TOTAL		320	80	80	120				

SUBJECT : Pharmacotherapeutics - I

SUBJECT CODE : 721

RATIONALE : This unit acquaints students with therapeutic strategies of different

ailments.

COURSE OBJECTIVES : To train students on drug therapy and management of disease;

• To train and teach students medicine safety

- To develop skill and core knowledge in students to identify and solve any medicine related problems;
- To train students preliminary administration, policy and working of health care, system in hospital and community setting.
- To improve and appreciate quality and rational use of medicine;

LEARNING OUTCOMES: Upon the completion of semester, it is expected that students will be able to:

- Appreciate and implement rational use of medicines';
- Summarize therapeutic approach for management of disease;
- Explain and discuss controversies in therapy management and evidence based medicine;
- Able to set a goal based on diagnosis;
- Able to identify and correlate problems of therapy in patient

PREREQUISITES: Basic Pharmacology

TEACHING AND EVALUATION SCHEME:

SUB	TITLE OF	TEACHING			CREDITS	E	TOTAL			
CODE	SUBJECT		SCI	HEME		INTE	RNAL	EXTI	ERNAL	MARKS
		Т	P	TOTAL HRS		Theory	Practical	Theory	Practical	
721	Pharmacotherapeutics - I	3		3	4	20	1	80		100

721. Pharmacotherapeutics - I

	Pathophysiology & Pharmacotherapeutics of disease associated with following System/Disease including	
	basic concept of Pharmacotherapeutics	
1	Cardiovascular System: Hypertension b) Congestive Cardiac Failure c) Myocardial Infarction. d)	18
	Arrhythmias e) hyperlipidemias	
2	Neuron System: Epilepsy b) Parkinson's c) Stroke d) headache e) TID f) Migraine	12
3	Psychiatric Disorders:	10
	Schizophrenia b) Depression & Mania c) Anxiety & sleep Disorders d) Drug induced psychosis. e) Drug	
	induced psychosis	
4	Renal System: a) Acute Renal Failure. b) Chronic Renal Failure. c) Renal dialysis & Transplantation d)	18
	Drug induced Renal Disease.	
5	Respiratory System: Concept of Restrictive disease and Obstructive airway Diseases, Asthma and COPD	12
	Drug induced pulmonary Disease	
6	Gastrointestinal System: a) Peptic ulcer disease. b) GERD c) IBD d) Hepatitis e) Jaundice f) Cirrhosis g)	12
	Diarrhea & Constipation e) Drug induced GIT diseases	
7	Pain Management: Pain Pathways, Analgesics and NSAIDS, Neurologic including Trigeminal	10
	glossophalangeal pain	
8	Immunology - Concept, Classification of immunity, Immunoglobulins and various vaccines and sera	8
	against different disease. Role of pharmacist in Immunization.	

SUBJECT : Pharmacotherapeutics – II

SUBJECT CODE : 722

RATIONALE: This unit acquaints students with therapeutic strategies of different

ailments.

COURSE OBJECTIVES : To train students on drug therapy and management of disease;

• To train and teach students medicine safety

- To develop skill and core knowledge in students to identify and solve any medicine related problems;
- To train students preliminary administration, policy and working of health care, system in hospital and community setting.
- To improve and appreciate quality and rational use of medicine;

LEARNING OUTCOMES: Upon the completion of semester, it is expected that students will be able to:

- Appreciate and implement rational use of medicines';
- Summarize therapeutic approach for management of disease;
- Explain and discuss controversies in therapy management and evidence based medicine;
- Able to set a goal based on diagnosis;
- Able to identify and correlate problems of therapy in patient

PREREQUISITES: Basic Pharmacology

TEACHING AND EVALUATION SCHEME:

SUB	TITLE OF SUBJECT	TEACHING			CREDITS	E	EVALUATION SCHEME			TOTAL
CODE			SCE	IEME		INTE	ERNAL	EXTI	ERNAL	MARKS
		T	P	TOTAL		Theory	Practical	Theory	Practical	
				HRS						
722	Pharmacotherapeutics – II	3		3	4	20		80		100

722. Pharmacotherapeutics – II

1	Hematological Diseases:- Anemias. b) Sickling Diseases c) Drug induced hematological disorders.	15
2	Skin and Sexually Transmitted Disease:- Psoriasis b) Eczema and Scabies c) Syphilis and Gonorrhea. Drug related /induced skin reaction disorders.	10
3	Endocrine System :- Diabetes Mellitus & Diabetes insipidus, c) thyroid disease	15
	Osteoporosis Oral hormonal contraceptives	
4	Oncology / Neoplastic Disorders:-	15
	General principles of Chemotherapy, Commonly used cytotoxic drugs	
	Chemotherapy of lung cancer, hematological malignancies, carcinoma of breast, Hodge-king	
	Diseases, Management of nausea and vomiting.	
5	Optic System / Ophthalmology :- Glaucoma, Eye Infection,	7
6	Infectious Diseases. General guideline for rational use of Antibiotic, Meningitis, RTI, Gastroenteritis,	15
	Bacterial Endocarditic, TB, HIV and opportunities infection in HIV, Septicemia, Warm	
	infection/Helmenthiasis, Fungal Infection, UTI, Antibiotic pharmacist	
7	Nucleus (r) medicine therapy	7
8	Enteral and parenteral nutrition	10
9	Concept of other medicine with special emphasis on herbal drugs, Ayurvedic drugs, Unani, Homeopathic	6
	and role of pharmacist.	

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

1	British National Formulary (Current Edition) – BMA/RPSGB
2	Avery's Drug Treatment, Adis International Limited.
3	Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics. Roger Walker and Clive Edwards, Churchill Livingstone
	Edinburg/London.
4	Pathology & Therapeutics for Pharmacists. Russel. J. Greene and Normal F. Harris. Chapman & Hall,
	London/Glasgow/Madras.
5	Text Book of Therapeutics: Drug and Disease Management. 7th Edition, Editors: Eric T. Herfindal and
	Dick R. Gourley, Williams and Wilkins, 2000.
6	Davidson's Principles and Practice of Medicine, Eds. Christopher R. W. Edwards and Lan A. D. Bouchier
	ELBS with Churchill Livingstone, Edinburgh, Latest Edition.
7	Applied Therapeutics: The Clinical Use or Drugs Eds. Brain S. Katcher, Lioyd Yee Young. Marry Anne
	Koda-kimble, Applied Therapeutics Inc. Spokane. Latest Edition.
8	Melmon and Morrelli's Clinical Pharmacology, 4th Edition, Author: S. George Carrathers, Brian B.
	Hoftman, Kenneth L. Melmon and David W. Nierenberg, McGrow Hill, 2000.
9	Pathology & Therapeutics for Pharmacists, Greene, R. J.& Harris, N. D. (1993). The Pharmaceutical
	Press.
10	De Gruchi's Clinical Haemotology in Medical Practice. Frank Firkin, Bryan Rush, David Penington,
	Colin Chesterman, Blactwell Scientific, Publication. 5th edition.
11	Robbins Pathologic Basis of Disease, Cartan, Kumar, Collins, W. B. Godkar, Saunders. 6th edition.
12	Text book of Medical laboratory Technology. Praful B. Godkar, Bhalani Publication House, Mumbai, 2nd
	edition.
13	Manual of basis techniques for a health laboratory, 2nd edition, World Health Organization, Geneva.
14	Principles of Pharmacology, the Path physiologic Basis of Drug Therapy, Lippincott, Williams & Wilkins.
15	Drug Interaction Facts, 2003. David S. Tatro.
16	Emergency Toxicology, 2nd edition. Peter Viccellio.
17	Toxicology – The basic science of poisons, international edition, Curtis D. Klaassen, 6th edition.
18	Toxicology – Principles and Applications, Raymond j. M. Niesink, John dr. Vries, Mannfred A. Hollinger.
19	Textbook of Nuclear and Radio pharmacy
20	Textbook of infectious disease by graham
21	Relevant review articles from recent medical and pharmaceutical literature/journals likes:
	clinical therapeutics
	Annals of Internal Medicine
	Oxford journal
	British Medical Journal
	Annals of Pharmacotherapy
	New England Journal of Medicine
	Lancet

SUBJECT : Clinical Pharmacy – II

SUBJECT CODE : 723

RATIONALE : This unit acquaints students with Concept of drug therapy monitoring

and therapeutic drug monitoring concept, need and significance, theory,

TDM of common drugs.

COURSE OBJECTIVES: To train students on drug therapy and management of disease;

• To train and teach students medicine safety

- To develop skill and core knowledge in students to identify and solve any medicine related problems;
- To train students preliminary administration, policy and working of health care, system in hospital and community setting.
- To improve and appreciate quality and rational use of medicine;

LEARNING OUTCOMES: Upon the completion of semester, it is expected that students will be able to:

- Appreciate and implement rational use of medicines';
- Summarize therapeutic approach for management of disease;
- Explain and discuss controversies in therapy management and evidence based medicine;
- Able to set a goal based on diagnosis;
- Able to identify and correlate problems of therapy in patient

PREREQUISITES: Basic pharmacology TEACHING AND EVALUATION SCHEME:

SUB	TITLE OF	TEACHING			TEACHING CREDITS EVALUATION SCHEME						
CODE	SUBJECT	SCHEME				INTE	RNAL	EXTI	ERNAL	MARKS	
		T	P	TOTAL		Theory	Practical	Theory	Practical		
				HRS							
723	Clinical	3		3	4	20		80		100	
	Pharmacy – II										

723. Clinical Pharmacy – II

1	Concept of drug therapy monitoring and therapeutic drug monitoring concept, need and
	significance, theory, TDM of common drugs,
2	Medication errors
	Definition, categorization and causes of medication errors
	Detection and prevention of medication errors
	Role of pharmacist in monitoring and management of medication errors
3	Evidence Based Medicine
	Definition, concept of evidence based medicine
	Approach and practice of evidence based medicine in clinical settings
4	Essential Drug
	Definition, need, concept of essential drug and role of WHO, National essential drug policy and list
5	Rational Drug Use
	Definition, concept and need for rational drug use, Rational drug prescribing, rational formulation, Role
	of pharmacist in rational drug use, rational use of drug domestic and international perspective
6	General principles of clinical toxicology
7	Pharmacoeconomics.
	Definition, concept of cost and cost modules, different methods, theory of economics

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

	How to Read a Paper: The Basics of Evidence-Based Medicine By Trisha Greenhalgh weley books
1	Evidence-Based Medicine: A Framework for Clinical Practice, Daniel J. Friedland Appleton & Lange,
	1998
2	Evidence-Based Medicine: How to Practice and Teach It Sharon E. Straus, Paul Glasziou, W. Scott
	Richardson
3	Evidence-Based Medicine Guidelines By Ilkka Kunnamo
4	Rational use of drug by Dr. Ranjeet Roy chaudhry
5	Pharmacoeconomics By Tom Walley, Alan Haycox, Angela Boland
6	Pharmacoeconomics: From Theory to Practice by Renee J. G. Arnold
7	Quality of life and pharmacoeconomics: an introduction Joyce A. Cramer, Bert Spilker
8	Practical pharmacoeconomics: how to design, perform and analyze outcomes research by Lorne E. Basskin
9	Essentials of Pharmacoeconomics by Karen Rascati
10	The role of Pharmacoeconomics in outcomes management Nelda E. Johnson, David B. Nash by
	American Hospital Pub
11	Essential drug list and publication by WHO and Govt of india.
12	Pharmacoepidemiology: principles and practice Brenda Waning, Michael Montagne, William W.
	McCloskey
13	Pharmacoepidemiology Stanley A. Edlavitch
14	Pharmacoepidemiology: an introduction by Abraham G. Hartzema, Miquel S. Porta, Hugh Hanna Tilson
15	Textbook of Pharmacoepidemiology: Brian L. Strom, Stephen E. Kimmel
16	Understanding Pharmacoepidemiology by Yi Yang, Donna West-Strum
17	Relevant review articles from recent medical and pharmaceutical literature/journals likes:
	Journal of pharmacoeconomics
	Journal of Pharmacoepidemiology
	Bulletins from national and international body working on RUD

SUBJECT : Bio-pharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics - I

SUBJECT CODE : 724

RATIONALE: This unit acquaints students with course of drug after administration and to quantify drug at different sites at given time.

COURSE OBJECTIVES: To train students on drug therapy and management of disease;

- To train and teach students medicine safety
- To develop skill and core knowledge in students to identify and solve any medicine related problems;
- To train students preliminary administration, policy and working of health care, system in hospital and community setting.
- To improve and appreciate quality and rational use of medicine;

LEARNING OUTCOMES: Upon the completion of semester, it is expected that students will be able to:

- Appreciate and implement rational use of medicines';
- Summarize therapeutic approach for management of disease;
- Explain and discuss controversies in therapy management and evidence based medicine;
- Able to set a goal based on diagnosis;
- Able to identify and correlate problems of therapy in patient

PREREQUISITES: Human Physiology TEACHING AND EVALUATION SCHEME:

SUB	TITLE OF SUBJECT	- [ΓEA	CHING	CREDITS	EVALUATION SCHEME				TOTAL
CODE			SCI	HEME		INTE	ERNAL	EXTI	ERNAL	MARKS
		T	P	TOTAL		Theory	Practical	Theory	Practical	
				HRS						
724	Bio-pharmaceutics and	3		3	3	20		80		100
	Pharmacokinetics – I									

724. Bio-pharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics – I

1	Drug Absorption Relevant anatomy & Physiology of organs involved in drug absorptions: factors affecting drug absorption following oral, parenteral, topical, Buccal, rectal, vaginal, urethral and nasal administration of drugs;	20
	methods of studying drug absorption following different routes of administration; kinetics of drug	
	absorption.	
2	Drug Distribution	20
	Distribution in the blood, beyond the blood compartment tissue localization; volumes of distribution	
3	Drug Biotransformation	20
	Sties of drug biotransformation; kinetics of drug biotransformation, Phase-I and Phase-II	
	biotransformation reactions; mechanisms of microsomal oxidation; mechanisms of glucuronide	
	formation; factors affecting biotransformation; methods of studying biotransformation of drugs;	
	usefulness of biotransformation study in drug design and dosage forms.	
4	Drug Excretion	20
	Excretion in urine, bleary, excretion, excretion in expired air, excretion in the stomach; excretion in the	
	intestine, saliva, breast-milk, genital secretions, sweat.	
5	Bioavailability and Bioequivalence Testing	20
	Absolute and relative bioavailability, Types of Bioequivalence study	

SUBJECT : Clinical Pharmacy Practical – II

SUBJECT CODE : 725

TEACHING AND EVALUATION SCHEME:

SUB	TITLE	r	ГЕА	CHING	CREDITS	E	TOTAL			
CODE	OF		SCF	HEME		INTERNAL		EXTERNAL		MARKS
	SUBJECT	Т	T P TOTAL			Theory	Practical	Theory	Practical	
				HRS		_		_		
725	Clinical		18	18	6		20		80	100
	Pharmacy									
	Practical –									
	II									

725. Clinical Pharmacy Practical - II

1.	Hospital based ward rounds and clinical case studies
2.	Acute care medicine Managing ICUs, T.P.N. and Emergencies.
3.	Interaction with patients in community.
4.	Common practice of drug treatment schedule and Guidelines.
5.	Clinical Trials Phases
6.	Sampling and randomization techniques.
7.	Protocol, Investigator Brochure, CRF, Inform Consent Form preparations
	and Ethics Committee permission.
8.	Essential documents and study file.
9.	Data interpretation and final report preparations.
10.	Regulatory Guidelines and comparison
11.	Hospital data management and budget preparation.
12.	Pharmacoeconomics
13.	Adverse drug reactions
14.	Pharmacovigilance
15.	Drug interactions
16.	Therapeutic drug monitoring
17.	Essential drugs and Rational Drug use

SUBJECT : Subject Seminar

SUBJECT CODE : 726

RATIONALE : This unit is complementary to compensate the boundryless content of

theory syllabus. It includes all aspects of core subject specialization which tangentially touch the content of syllabus. (It does not include routine syllabus topics) All research and reviewed articles along with reference books are taken as basis for preparing a seminar. Innovative

topics are ensured in each session.

COURSE OBJECTIVES : At the end of the course the student should be able to:

- 1. Develop knowledge to refer literature for given topic. Literature search include key words, Library use and internet use.
- 2. Develop presentation skills.
- 3. Get peripheral knowledge of the subject with current perspective.

LEARNING OUTCOMES: At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Find any reference related to the theme.
- 2. Have presentation skills in terms of precise and contented, relevant presentation.
- 3. Identify current perspectives related to the subject.

PREREQUISITES: None

TEACHING AND EVALUATION SCHEME:

SUB	TITLE OF	,	TEA	CHING	CREDITS	E	ME	TOTAL		
CODE	SUBJECT		SC	HEME		INTERNAL		EXTERNAL		MARKS
		T	P	TOTAL		Theory	Practical	Theory	Practical	
				HRS						
726	Subject	6	-	6	3		100			100
	Seminar									

SPECIALISATION: CLINICAL PHARMACY SEMESTER-III

SCHEME OF TEACHING

SUB CODE	NAME OF SUBJECT	CONT HOU PER W	RS	CREDITS		
		T	P	T	P	
731	Bio-pharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics – II	3		3		
732	Clinical Pharmacy - III	3		3		
733	Hospital and Community Pharmacy	3		3		
734	Regulatory Affairs in Clinical Research	3		3		
735	Clinical Pharmacy Practical - III		18		6	
736	Synopsis / ITD				3	
737	Subject Seminar	6			3	
	TOTAL	18	18	12	12	

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

SUB	NAME OF SUBJECT	DURATION		MA	RKS	
CODE		OF EXAM	THE	ORY	PRAC'	TICAL
		(HRS)	University	Institute	University	Institute
			level	level	level	level
			evaluation	evaluation	evaluation	evaluation
731	Bio-pharmaceutics and	3	80	20		
	Pharmacokinetics – II					
732	Clinical Pharmacy - III	3	80	20		
733	Hospital and Community	3	80	20		
	Pharmacy					
734	Regulatory Affairs in Clinical	3	80	20		
	Research					
735	Clinical Pharmacy Practical - III	12			80	20
736	Synopsis / ITD		80	20		
737	Subject Seminar					100
	TOTAL		400	100	80	120

SUBJECT : Bio-pharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics – II

SUBJECT CODE : 731

RATIONALE: This unit discusses application of biopharmaceutics and Clinical pharmacokinetics in clinical practice.

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To train and teach students on pharmacokinetics and movement of drug in body.
- To teach student on safety of medicine and reporting of mishaps
- To provide an opportunity to learn drug development process especially the phases of clinical trials:
- To prepare students about requirement for conducting clinical trials specially on designing, conducting, managing and reporting in clinical trials;
- To train student on elements and components of clinical research including different guidelines
- to train students on organization, component, activity in hospital pharmacy
- To train students on requirement, legal issues and running of pharmacy in India and overseas.

LEARNING OUTCOMES: Upon the completion of this semester it is expected that students will be able to:

- Able to understand pharmacokinetics of the medicines
- Able to report mishaps
- Understand safety of medicine
- Materialized on regulatory requirement for conducting clinical trials, types of trials, initiation and issues of QA of trials.
- Draft protocol of clinical research;
- Able to discuss policy and procedures of IEC;
- Describe and explain the therapy for diseases;
- Quality use of medicines
- Pharmacokinetic aspects of medicines
- able to handle and work in hospital and community pharmacy

PREREQUISITES: Human Physiology

TEACHING AND EVALUATION SCHEME:

SUB	TITLE OF]	ГЕА	CHING	CREDITS	I	ИE	TOTAL		
CODE	SUBJECT		SCI	HEME		INTERNAL		EXTERNAL		MARKS
		T	P	TOTAL		Theory	Practical	Theory	Practical	
				HRS						
731	Bio-pharmaceutics	3		3	3	20		80		100
	and									
	Pharmacokinetics –									
	II									

731. Bio-pharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics – II

1	Pharmacokinetic Models instantaneous distribution models; delay distribution equilibrium	30
	model; nonlinear pharmacokinetic models; pharmacological pharmacokinetic model.	
2	Clinical Applications of Pharmacokinetic Parameters Blood level curves; continuous blood	20
	and tissue levels in therapy; dosage regimens accumulation during repetitive dosing;	
	adjustment of dosage regimen in renal failure; distribution dependent dosage adjustment;	
	pharmacokinetic drug interaction.	
3	Applications in TDM and patient care specific drugs and disease states, effects of age and	10
	concomitant drug administration.	
4	Pharmacokinetic Basis of Controlled Drug Delivery.	10
5	Statistical treatment of data, test for significance, t-test, analysis of variance repression	20
	analysis, standard deviation, standard error, fiducial limits, hypothesis testing, randomization	
	etc.	
6	Application of computer in clinical research.	10

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

1	Modern Pharmaceutics by Banker and Rhodes.
2	Pharmacokinetics, Milo Gibaldi and Donald Perrier.

SUBJECT : Clinical Pharmacy – III

SUBJECT CODE : 732

RATIONALE : This unit discusses Principles of Pharmacovigilance, Pharmacoepidemiology and General prescribing guideline for pediatric, geriatric and pregnant and lactating women.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To train and teach students on pharmacokinetics and movement of drug in body.
- To teach student on safety of medicine and reporting of mishaps
- To provide an opportunity to learn drug development process especially the phases of clinical trials:
- To prepare students about requirement for conducting clinical trials specially on designing, conducting, managing and reporting in clinical trials;
- To train student on elements and components of clinical research including different guidelines
- to train students on organization, component, activity in hospital pharmacy
- To train students on requirement, legal issues and running of pharmacy in India and overseas.

LEARNING OUTCOMES: Upon the completion of this semester it is expected that students will be able to

- Able to understand pharmacokinetics of the medicines
- Able to report mishaps
- Understand safety of medicine
- Materialized on regulatory requirement for conducting clinical trials, types of trials, initiation and issues of QA of trials.
- Draft protocol of clinical research;
- Able to discuss policy and procedures of IEC;
- Describe and explain the therapy for diseases;
- Quality use of medicines
- Pharmacokinetic aspects of medicines
- able to handle and work in hospital and community pharmacy

PREREQUISITES: Clinical pharmacokinetics

TEACHING AND EVALUATION SCHEME:

SUB	TITLE]	TEACHING		CREDITS	DITS EVALUATION SCHEME				
CODE	OF		SCI	HEME		INTERNAL		EXTERNAL		MARKS
	SUBJECT	T	P	TOTAL		Theory	Practical	Theory	Practical	
				HRS		,		·		
732	Clinical	3		3	3	20		80		100
	Pharmacy									
	– III									

732. Clinical Pharmacy – III

1	Basic Concepts of Pharmacotherapeutics.	05
2	Principles of Pharmacovigilance :	25
	 Definition, aims and need for pharmacovigilance 	
	 Types, predisposing factors and mechanism of adverse drug reactions (ADRs) 	
	 Detection, reporting and monitoring of ADRs 	
	 Causality assessment of ADRs 	
	 Management of ADRs 	
	 Role of pharmacists in Pharmacovigilance 	
	Theory of Pharmacovigilance	
	 Drugs induced diseases, adverse drug reactions 	
3	Drug interactions, Prescription monitoring, documentation and other methods for minimizing	12
	clinically relevant drug interactions.	
4	Pharmacoepidemiology	18
	 Definition, scope and theory 	
	• Methods	
	 Sources of data 	
	 Meta-analysis 	
	 Social, cultural and economical factors influencing drug use 	
	System for monitoring drug use	
5	General prescribing guideline for pediatric, geriatric and pregnant and lactating women	15
	including dysmenorrheal, fertility control and hormone replacement therapy.	
6	Drug dose adjustment in renal failure and hepatic failure and Calculation of loading dose and	15
	maintenance dose	
7	Self-care, and use of OTC	10

SUBJECT : Hospital and Community Pharmacy

SUBJECT CODE : 733

RATIONALE : This unit acquaints students of Hospital pharmacy organization and

management.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

• To train and teach students on pharmacokinetics and movement of drug in body.

- To teach student on safety of medicine and reporting of mishaps
- To provide an opportunity to learn drug development process especially the phases of clinical trials;
- To prepare students about requirement for conducting clinical trials specially on designing, conducting, managing and reporting in clinical trials;
- To train student on elements and components of clinical research including different guidelines
- to train students on organization, component, activity in hospital pharmacy
- To train students on requirement, legal issues and running of pharmacy in India and overseas.

LEARNING OUTCOMES: Upon the completion of this semester it is expected that students will be able to:

- Able to understand pharmacokinetics of the medicines
- Able to report mishaps
- Understand safety of medicine
- Materialized on regulatory requirement for conducting clinical trials, types of trials, initiation and issues of QA of trials.
- Draft protocol of clinical research;
- Able to discuss policy and procedures of IEC;
- Describe and explain the therapy for diseases;
- Quality use of medicines
- Pharmacokinetic aspects of medicines
- able to handle and work in hospital and community pharmacy

PREREQUISITES: Pharmaceutical practice, Basic clinical pharmacy

TEACHING AND EVALUATION SCHEME:

SUB	TITLE OF	,	ГЕА	CHING	CREDITS	E	VALUATI(ON SCHE	N SCHEME		
CODE	SUBJECT		SCI	HEME		INTE	CRNAL	EXTERNAL		MARKS	
		T	P	TOTAL		Theory	Practical	Theory	Practical		
				HRS							
733	Hospital and	3		3	3	20		80		100	
	Community										
	Pharmacy										

733. Hospital and Community Pharmacy

	Concept of health	
1	Hospital – as an organization Introduction, the hospitals, its need, organization-	5
	departments/services and, role of administrator/governing body,	
2	Hospital pharmacy as a department	8
	Organization, staffing, legal requirement, promotion of HP and staff, role and	
	responsibility, set up, work load, remuneration, grievance- conflict Redressal, teaching and	
	training.	
3	Hospital/ hospital pharmacy policy	6
	PTC – concept, constitution, working and its different role, Drug and therapeutic News	
	Letter/bulletin,	
	Hospital formulary – concept, preparation, legal issues,	
	Hospital pharmacy committees - antibiotic committee, IEC, Infection control committee	
4	Finance and budget;	6
	Concept of cost and billing, income-expense and budget, revenue generation, finance in HP,	
	capital and running budget,	
5	Drug distribution and dispensing: concept, different drug dispensing system/methods, modern	8
	concept in drug dispensing viz: robotic and automation in Dispensing	
6	Material management in HP	7
	Purchase and inventory, methods of inventory, stocking, record keeping- including special	
	emphasis on ancillary and surgical items and narcotic and psychotropic drugs, repackaging and	
	pre-packaging, Intravenous programme- iv admixtures,	
7	Record keeping: importance/need, methods of record keeping - conventional and modern	5
8	Nuclear and radio pharmacy: concept, uses and handling, legal issues, role and responsibility	5
	of permission holder, pharmacist, central and state government in N/R pharmacy.	
9	National and state health policy,	3

Community Pharmacy

1	Concept of community pharmacy in India and overseas, development, seven star role of pharmacist, extended role of community pharmacist,	8
2	Community pharmacy management Concept, layout and site selection, material management, legal requirement to run community	5
	pharmacy, computer application	
3	Over the counter medicines; concept, sale and role of pharmacist, rational use of OTC	7
4	Role of Clinical pharmacist and its relationship to other local health care providers and services to nursing home and Clinics, home care pharmacist, concept of social pharmacy/pharmacist	10
5	Prescribed medication order /Rx – interpretation, recordkeeping and legal requirements.	7
6	Primary care in community Pharmacy. a) Family Planning b) First Aid c) Smoking cessation d) Women welfare e) Disease prevention	7
7	Education and training Training & Education to Stoff CE CDD for pharmacist work, shore and Reference Course.	6
	Training & Education to Staff, CE, CPD, for pharmacist work- shops and Reference Course	

SUBJECT : Regulatory Affairs in Clinical Research

SUBJECT CODE : 734

RATIONALE: This unit discusses Evaluating efficacy and safety of drugs Preclinical toxicological requirements for biological, biotechnological products, herbal drugs, Preclinical Testing strategy & Basic concepts and introduction to Clinical Drug Development.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To train and teach students on pharmacokinetics and movement of drug in body.
- To teach student on safety of medicine and reporting of mishaps
- To provide an opportunity to learn drug development process especially the phases of clinical trials:
- To prepare students about requirement for conducting clinical trials specially on designing, conducting, managing and reporting in clinical trials;
- To train student on elements and components of clinical research including different guidelines
- to train students on organization, component, activity in hospital pharmacy
- To train students on requirement, legal issues and running of pharmacy in India and overseas.

LEARNING OUTCOMES: Upon the completion of this semester it is expected that students will be able to:

- Able to understand pharmacokinetics of the medicines
- Able to report mishaps
- Understand safety of medicine
- Materialized on regulatory requirement for conducting clinical trials, types of trials, initiation and issues of OA of trials.
- Draft protocol of clinical research;
- Able to discuss policy and procedures of IEC;
- Describe and explain the therapy for diseases;
- Quality use of medicines
- Pharmacokinetic aspects of medicines
- able to handle and work in hospital and community pharmacy

PREREQUISITES: Drug laws

TEACHING AND EVALUATION SCHEME:

SUB	TITLE OF	TEACHING		CHING	CREDITS	E	EVALUATION SCHEME			TOTAL
CODE	SUBJECT	SCHEME		HEME		INTE	ERNAL	EXTI	ERNAL	MARKS
		Т	P	TOTAL HRS		Theory	Practical	Theory	Practical	
734	Regulatory Affairs in Clinical Research	3	-	3	3	20		80		100

734. Regulatory Affairs in Clinical Research

	Evaluating efficacy and safety of drugs as per regulatory requirements ICH, CDSCO,	10
1	OECD, WHO guidelines	
2	Single dose, Repeat dose, Reproductive, Mutagenicity, Carcinogenicity, Toxicokinetic	10
	methods	
3	Preclinical toxicological requirements for biological, biotechnological products, herbal drugs	10
4	Preclinical Testing strategy. Experimental clarification of human risks, Flowchart for development of preclinical testing	10
5	Basic concepts and introduction to Clinical Drug Development	10
6	Design and organization of Phase-I to Phase-IV clinical trials including Pharmacovigilance	15
7	Introduction to the fundamentals of the design and analysis of clinical trials. Ethical	25
	considerations	
	intention-to-treat versus efficacy trials, principles of sampling and exclusion, methods of	
	allocation and techniques of randomization, parallel versus cross over designs, monitoring	
	treatment outcomes, adverse effects, stopping rules, data interpretation and logistical issues in	
	the management of clinical trials. FDA guidelines for clinical trials, reviews and approval of	
	a clinical study	
8	Application for NDA/ANDA with essential documents as per current regulatory requirements i.e. CTD, DMF, Protocol design for preclinical, clinical research study, Investigator's	10
	Brochure etc	

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

1	New Drug Approval Process, Third Edition by Richard A. Guarino, Volume 100, Marcel
	Decker Inc.
2	IND and NDA Guidelines of Various Regulatory Authorities.
3	ICH Guidelines
4	GCP Guidelines
5	OECD Guidelines
6	WHO Guidelines

SUBJECT : Clinical Pharmacy Practical - III

SUBJECT CODE : 735

TEACHING AND EVALUATION SCHEME:

SUB	TITLE OF	TEACHING		TLE OF TEACHING CREDITS EVALUATION SCHEME			TOTAL			
CODE	SUBJECT	SCHEME		HEME		INTERNAL		EXTERNAL		MARKS
		T	P	TOTAL HRS		Theory	Practical	Theory	Practical	
735	Clinical Pharmacy Practical - III	-	18	18	6		20		80	100

735. Clinical Pharmacy Practical - III

	PRACTICALS - based on theory in Hospital visits, ward rounds, medication history and prescription
	analysis, etc with main emphasis on
1	Hospital visits and record keeping.
2	Prescription Behavior and analysis.
3	Pharmacoeconomics
4	Patient compliance
5	Patient Counseling
6	ADR – adverse drug reactions and Pharmacovigilance
7	Drug Interactions
8	TDM – Therapeutic Drug Monitoring
9	Essential Drugs and rational drug use
10	OTC Drugs.
11	Filling and interpretation of Medical history and Case Record Form of Patients.
12	Case studies related to path physiology and clinical symptoms.
13	Emergency medicines
14	Drug treatment during diseases conditions (renal and hepatic failure)
15	Statistics tools
	Assignments for Hospital Pharmacy
1	You have been asked to establish a drug information centre in a 50, 100-500 and 1200 -1500 bed
	hospital. Prepare a written Report for the hospital's administration summarizing the resources. You will
	need to do this including financial aspects.
2	Compare, Describe & evaluate the lay out and work flow pattern in the dispensary/departments of a
	local hospital. Include in your report any improvements within you would recommend to achieve more
	efficient work practices.
3	Examine and Report on the drug distribution pattern and methods used in local hospital.
4	Prepare formulary
5	Prepare hospital Bulletin.
6	Study the constitution of different committees in nearby hospital.
7	You have been asked to prepare a budget for present fiscal year
8	You have been asked to establish a drug information centre in a 50, 100-500 and 1200 -1500 bed
	hospital. Prepare a written Report for the hospital's administration summarizing the resources. You will

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	need to do this including financial aspects.
9	Compare, Describe & evaluate the lay out and work flow pattern in the dispensary/departments of a
	local hospital. Include in your report any improvements within you would recommend to achieve more
	efficient work practices.
10	Examine and Report on the drug distribution pattern and methods used in local hospital.
11	Prepare formulary
12	Prepare hospital Bulletin.
13	Study the constitution of different committees in nearby hospital.
14	You have been asked to prepare a budget for present fiscal year
	Assignment for Community Pharmacy
1	Critical study of two community pharmacies in the neighborhood for Schedule M & N Compliance.
2	Comparison of Prescription handling in two community pharmacies.
3	Audit of Sales over the 24 hr Period in a local clinical pharmacy.
4	Study Financial & material management of Clinical pharmacy;
5	Code of Ethics for Pharmacist
6	Compile the summary of the advices and recommendation which should be provided to the Following
	Consumers at a pharmacy.
	a) Parents asking a medication for their 1-5 yr old child.
	b) A Student of 2 to 25 yrs of age who wishes to purchase medicines for temporary relief of
	headache & fevers
	c) A 60 yrs old woman /man who requests a cough mixtures, she/he was no other associated
	symptoms and in being Trained for DM & HT.
	d) A patient of anemia who have been advised or their doctor to take Iron Formulation & vitamin
	Formulation.
7	Preparation & Distribution of patient information leaflets.
8	Patient education on specific topics.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED

1	Text book of hospital pharmacy by William Hassan
2	Text book of Hospital Pharmacy by Alwood
3	Text book of Hospital Pharmacy by Marchant and Quadry
4	Text book of Hospital Pharmacy – Pharmaceutical press
5	Textbook practical standards for hospital Pharmacist – ASHP, American health system of Pharmacist,
6	Text book of Hospital Management – CRC Press
7	Text book of HOSPITAL Accounting –
8	Textbook of Institutional Pharmacy Practice – ASHP
9	Community Pharmacy: Strategic Change Management by Alison
	Journals
1	Indian journal of hospital pharmacy
1	main journal of hospital pharmacy
2	Indian journal of pharmacy practice
2	Indian journal of pharmacy practice
3	Indian journal of pharmacy practice Journal of pharmacy practice
3 4	Indian journal of pharmacy practice Journal of pharmacy practice Clinical pharmacist
2 3 4 5	Indian journal of pharmacy practice Journal of pharmacy practice Clinical pharmacist Am j hosp pharm
2 3 4 5 6	Indian journal of pharmacy practice Journal of pharmacy practice Clinical pharmacist Am j hosp pharm J am Pharm Assoc

1	Consultative group and committee reports from WHO
2	General resolution and policy from Central Govt and State government with respect to subject and area
	applicable at suitable level and setting

1	Goodman and Gilman's The Pharmacological Basis of Therapeutics 11th edi, 2005, McGraw Hill
1	Publication.
2	H. P. Rand, M. M. Dale, Pharmacology, 5th, 2003, Churchill Livingstone Publications.
3	Bertram G. Katzung Basic and Clinical Pharmacology (Lange Medical Books), 8th edi, 2001,
3	McGraw Hill Publications.
4	Coleman, Michael D, Human Drug Metabolism; An introduction, 2001, John Wiley Pub.
5	•
	Rothstein, Mark A Pharmacogenomics: Social, Ethical and Clinical Dimensions. 2003, Wiley-Liss
6	Chorghade, Mukund S, Drug Discovery and Development: Volume 1: Drug Discovery, 2006,
	Marcel Dekker Publications.
7	Winter Michael E, Basic Clinical Pharmacokinetics 4th edi, 2004, Lippincott Williams and
	Wilkins.
8	Tozer, Thomas N introduction to Pharmacokinetics and Pharmacodinamics: The Quantitative Basis
	of Drug Therapy. 2006, Lippincott Williams and Wilkins.
9	Kenakin, Terry A Pharmacology Primer: Theory, Applications, and Methods. 2003, Academic
	Press.
10	Hernandez, Maria Basic Pharmacology: Understanding Drug Actions and Reactions. 2006, Taylor
	& Francis Pub.
11	Ritschel, W. A., Handbook of Basic Pharmacokinetics, 5th edi., 1999, American Pharmaceutical
	Association.
12	Cooper, Jack R. The Biochemical Basis of Neuropharmacology. 8th edi, 2002, Oxford Uni. Press
13	Mantovani, Alberto, Pharmacology of Cytokines. Oxford Uni. Press.
14	Leon, Darryl, In Silco Technologies in Drug Target Identification and Validation. 2006, Taylor and
	Francis Pub.
15	Halbach, Oliver Von Bohlen Und, Neurotransmitters and Neuromodulators: Handbook of
	Receptors and Biological Effects. 2nd edi, 2006, Wiley-VCh veriag Pub.
16	Nestler, Eric J. Molecular Basis of Neuropharmacology: A Foundation for Clinical Neuroscience.
	2001, McGraw Hill Medical Pub.
17	Carvey Paul M, Drug Action in the Central Neuropharmacology: A Foundation for Clinical
	Neuroscience. 2001, McGraw Hill Medical Pub.
18	Andriole Vincent T, The Quinolones. 3rd edition, 1988, Oxford Uni. Press.
19	Hall, Ian P. Dukes, Pharmacogenetics. 2006, Taylor & Francis.
20	Demuth, James Basic Statistics and Pharmaceutical Statistical Applications, 2nd edi. 1999, Marcel
	Dekkar.
21	Broadley Kenneth, Autonomic Pharmacology, 1996, Tayloe & Francis.
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22	Rowland Malcoim, Clinical Pharmacokinetics. 3rd edi,1996, B. I. Waverly Publication.
23	Herfindahi, Clinical Pharmacy and Therapeutics: 2nd edi, 1978, William Morrow & Comp Pub.
24	Rang H. P., Drug Receptors. 1986, Uni. Press.
25	Dereianko Michael, CRC Hand Book of Toxicology, 1995, CRC Press Pub.
26	Shayne Cox Gad, Drug Discovery Handbook
27	Vogel H. Gerhald, Drug Bioscreening: Drug Evaluation Methods.
28	Gillstrap Larry, Drugs and Pregnancy. 1992, Elsevier Pub.
29	Abdel-Magid, Fundamentals of Early Clinical Drug Development: From Synthesis Design to
27	Formulation, 2006, John Wiley & Sons.
30	Abood, Pharmacy Practice and the Law, 4th edi, 2007, Johns Wiley & Sons.
31	Arcangeio, Pharmacotherapeutics for Advanced Practice, : A Practical Approach, 2nd edi, 2006,
31	Lppincott Williams & Wilkins Pub.
32	Aronson Mayler's Side Effects of Drugs: The International Encyclopedia of Adverse Drug
32	Reactions & Interactions, 15th edi, 2006, 6 Vol. Set. J. K. Aronson Eisevier Pub.
33	Atkinson, Principles of Clinical Pharmacology, 2nd edi, 2003, 2003, Churchill Livingstone Pub.
34	Bennett, Clinical Pharmacology, 9th edi, 2003, Churchill Livingstone Publication.
35	Berry, The Pharmaceutical Regulatory Process (HB), 2004, Marcel Dekker Pub.
36	Bolton, Pharmaceutical Statistics: Practical and Clinical Applications, 4edi., 2004, Marcel Dekker
	Publication.
37	Bonate Pharmacokinetic – Pharmacodynamic Modeling & Simulation. 2005, Birkhanuser.
38	Coleman, Human Drug Metabolism: An introduction. 2005, John Wiley Pub.
39	Cupp, Toxicology & Clinical Pharmacology of Herbal Products, 2003, Marcel Dekkar Pub.
40	Dipiro, Encyclopedia of Clinical Pharmacy, Single Volume, 2003, Marcel Dekkar Pub.
41	Ebadi, Pharmacodynamic Basis of Herbal Medicine, 2nd edi, 2006, CRC Press.
42	Ette, Pharmacometrics: The Science of Quantitative Pharmacology. 2007, John Wiley & Sons.
43	Evans, A Handbook of Bioanalysis and Drug Metabolism, 2004, CRC Press.
44	Feinendegen, Molecular Medicine: The Challenge of Genomics & Proteomics & Proteomics to
	Clinical Practice, 2003, Birkhauser, Springer.
45	Fu, Protein-Protein Interactions: Methods and Applications, 2004, Human Press.
46	Gad, Drug Discvery Handbook, 2005, Wiley Interscience Pub.
47	Gaginella, Drug Development: Molecular Targets for GI Diseases, 1999, Humana Press.
48	Hall, Pharmacogenetics, 2006, Taylor & Francis.
49	Hauschke Bioequivalence Studies in Drug Development: Methods & Applications, 2007, Wiley
	Pub.
50	Ho, Biotechnology and Biopharmaceuticals: Transforming Proteins and Genes into Drugs, 2003,
	Wiley Pub.
51	John Wiley, Wiley Encyclopedia of Molecular Medicine, 5 Vol. Set, 2001, John Wiley & Sons.
52	Kucers, The use of Antibiotics: A Clinical Review of Antibacterial, antifungal and Antiviral Drugs,

	5 th edi, 1997. Butterworth-heinemann Pub.
53	Kulkarni, Biopharmaceutics, 2003, CBS Pub.
54	Larson, Bioinformatics and Drug Discovery. 2006, Humanaa Press.
55	Lee, Clinical Trials of Drugs & Biopharmaceuticals, 2005, Taylor & Francis Pub/CRC Press.
56	Macheras, Modeling in Biopharmaceutics, Pharmacokinetics & Pharmacodynamics: Homogeneous
	& Heterogeneous Approaches, 2006, Springer.
57	Minor, Handbook of Assay Development in Drug Discovery, 2006, Taylor & Francis Pub.
58	Mozayani, Handbook of Drug interactions: A Clinical and Forensic Guide, 2003, Humana Press.
59	Murphy, Clinical Pharmaceutics, 3rd edi.
60	Notari, Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics, 4th edi, Marcel Dekkar Pub.
61	Offermanns, Encyclopedic Reference of Molecular Pharmacology, 2006, Springer Pub.
62	Page, integrated pharmacology, 2nd edi, 2002, Mosby College Pub.
63	Patterson, Bioequivalence & Statistics in Clinical Pharmacology, 2005, CRC Press.
64	PDR Physicians' Desk Reference, 61st edi, 2007, Medical Economics Comp Pub.
65	Rang, Drug Discovery & Development Technology in Transition, 2006, Churchill Living stone
	Pub.
66	Ritschel, Handbook of Basic Pharmacokinetics including Clinical Applications, 6th edi, American
	Pharmaceutical Association.
67	Sahajwall, Now Drug Development: Regulatory Paradigms for Clinical Pharmacology &
	Biopharmaceutics, 2004, Informa Health Cara.
68	Schieef, DNA Pharmaceuticals: Formulation & delivery in Gene Therapy, DNA Vaccination &
	immunotherapy, 2005, Wiley Pub.
69	Shargel, Comprehensive Pharmacy Review, 4th edi, 2001, Lippincott Williams.
70	Smith, Enzymes & Their inhibition Drug Development, 2005, CRC Press Pub.
71	Smith, Pharmacokinetics & Metabolism in Drug Design, 2nd dei, Vol.31(HB).
72	Smith, The Process of New Drug Discovery & Development, 2nd edi, 1992, CRC Press.
73	Sneader, Drug Discovery : A History (PB)
74	Strom, Pharmacoepidemiology, 4th edi.
75	Strom, Textbook of Pharmacoepidemiology, 2006, john Wiley Pub.
76	Tozer, Introduction to Pharmacokinetics & Pharmacodynamics : The Quantitative Basis of Drug
	Therapy, 2006,
77	Roger Walker, Clinical Pharmacy & Therapeutics, 4th edi, 2007, Churchill Livingstone Pub.
78	Ruth Levine's Pharmacology Drug Actions & Reactions, 5th edi, 1996, The Parthenon Pub.
79	Washington, Physiological Pharmaceutics: Barriers to Drug Absorption, 2nd edi, 2001, Taylor &
	Francis Pub.
80	Welling, Pharmaceutical Bioequivalence, 1991, Informa Health Care
81	Welling Pharmacokinetics: Regulatory-Industrial-Academic Perspective, Informa Health Care.

SUBJECT : Subject Seminar

SUBJECT CODE : 737

RATIONALE : This unit is complementary to compensate the boundryless content of

theory syllabus. It includes all aspects of core subject specialization which tangentially touch the content of syllabus. (It does not include routine syllabus topics) All research and reviewed articles along with reference books are taken as basis for preparing a seminar. Innovative

topics are ensured in each session.

COURSE OBJECTIVES : At the end of the course the student should be able to:

1. Develop knowledge to refer literature for given topic. Literature search include key words, Library use and internet use.

- 2. Develop presentation skills.
- 3. Get peripheral knowledge of the subject with current perspective.

LEARNING OUTCOMES: At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Find any reference related to the theme.
- 2. Have presentation skills in terms of precise and contented, relevant presentation.
- 3. Identify current perspectives related to the subject.

PREREQUISITES: None

TEACHING AND EVALUATION SCHEME:

SUB	TITLE OF	TEACHING SCHEME		CREDITS	E	VALUATI(ME	TOTAL		
CODE	SUBJECT				INTERNAL		EXTERNAL		MARKS	
		T	P	TOTAL		Theory	Practical	Theory	Practical	
				HRS						
737	Subject	6		6	3		100			100
	Seminar									

SPECIALISATION: CLINICAL PHARMACY SEMESTER-IV

SCHEME OF TEACHING

SUB CODE	NAME OF SUBJECT	CONTACT HOURS PER WEEK	CREDITS
741	Dissertation (Project Work)	36	12
742	Viva- Voce		12

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

SUB CODE	NAME OF SUBJECT	UNIVERSITY LEVEL EVALUATION
741	Dissertation	100
742	Viva- Voce	100
	TOTAL	200